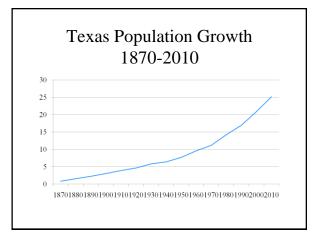
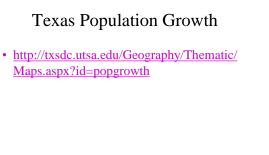
### The Socio-Economic Environment of Texas Politics

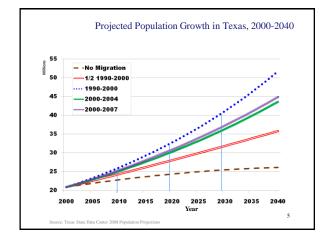
- Population
- Race/Ethnic
- Economic

# Key Points

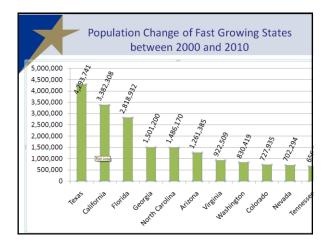
- · Texas population has increased significantly
- · Migration and Natural Increase are about equal
- Texas is now the second most populated state
- Texas population is predominately urban
- Population is not distributed evenly
- Growth has be mostly in the urban corridors
- · Rural areas and west Texas have lost population

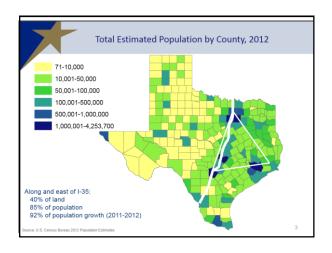


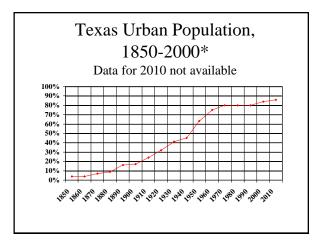


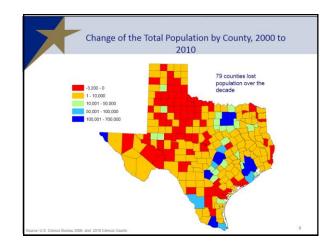


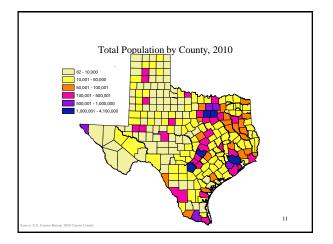
	1004		inge in	Texas, 1950-201 Percent Change Due to	
Year*	Population	Numerical Change	Percent Change	Natural Increase	Net Migratio
1950	7,711,194				
1960	9,579,677	1,868,483	24.2	93.91	6.09
1970	11,196,730	1,617,053	16.9	86.74	13.26
1980	14,229,191	3,032,461	27.1	41.58	58.42
1990	16,986,510	2,757,319	19.9	65.85	34.15
2000	20,851,820	3,865,310	22.8	49.65	50.35
2010	25,145,561	4,293,741	20.6	54.94	45.06
2012	26,059,203	913,642	3.6	52.05	47.95

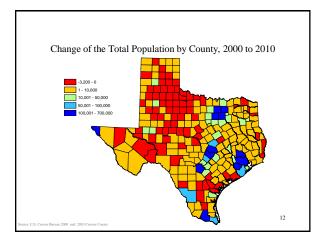


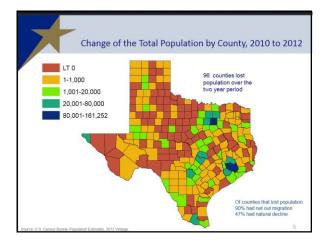


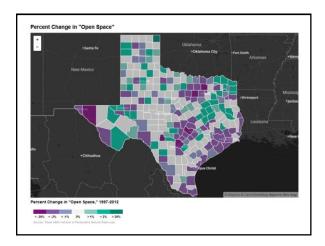












# Origins of Texas Population

- Native Americans
- Few today, but their legacy is substantial Caddo
- Only three tribes on reservations in Texas
- Alabama-Coushatta
  Kickapoo Tigua
- Controversy over gambling
- Hispanics
- Spanish colonization
   Four institutions: the mission, the presidio, the rancho, towns and civilian settlements
- Many cultural norms and legal traditions are their legacy
- Mexican colonization relatively limited until 1890 and 1910
   2005 Hispanics have political clout

### Roots: Anglo-Americans

- Anglos (Non-Hispanic whites)
  - Early settlement in 1815-1836 mostly southerners from TN, KY, AR, and NC
  - Migration from south after Civil War
  - Migration from mid-west and north-east during era from Depression to mid-1960s
  - Anglos dominated politics and government in TX since its independence from Mexico in 1836

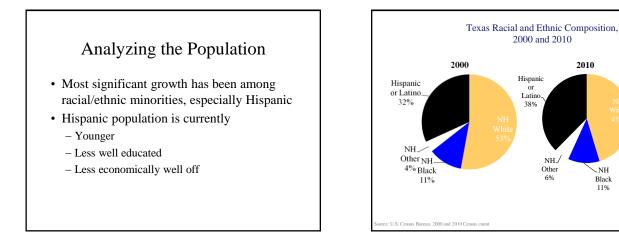
### **Roots: African-Americans**

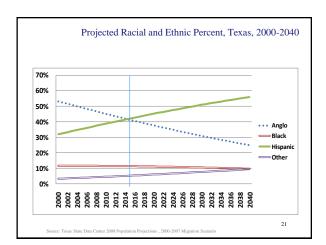
- · African Americans
  - Inhabited Texas since Spanish rule
  - Mexican government opposed slavery
  - When slavery legalized population increased but was halted by the Civil War
  - Out-migration from rural to urban areas due to agricultural and economic changes

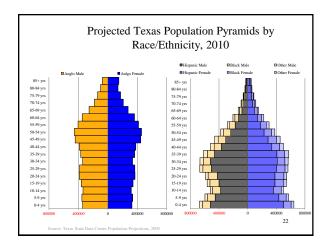
### **Roots:** Asian-Americans

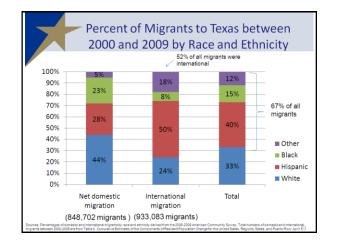
#### · Asian Americans

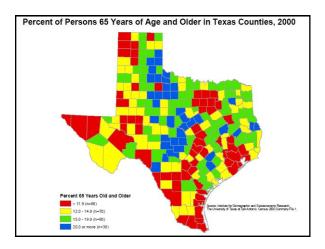
- First permanent Asian residents probably Chinese
- immigrants working for the railroad
- Japanese colonization in 1903
- Vietnamese came due to Vietnam War in 1970s
- Anglos
  - Non-Hispanic whites
  - Early settlement in 1815-1836 mostly southerners from TN, KY, AR, and NC
  - Anglos dominated politics and government in TX since its independence from Mexico in 1836

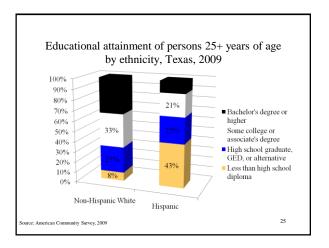


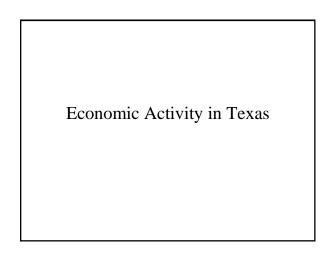












# Eras of Dominant Economic Activity

- 1820 1865 Cotton/Subsistence Farming
- 1865 1901 Cattle/Cotton/Grain
- 1901 1920 Oil production
- 1920 1980s Refining/petrochemicals related manufacturing
- 1980s- pres Electronics/biomedical (high tech)

# Gross State Product Rankings,2003 (in millions of \$)

• US	10,991,103	%
- California	1,446,430	13.3
– New York	821,667	7.5
– Texas	813,112	7.5
– Florida	550,005	5.0
– Illinois	499,466	4.8
– Pennsylvania	449,947	4.1

# Primary vs Secondary Economic Activity

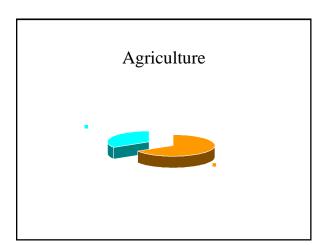
- Primary economic activity- earns \$ from other areas
- Secondary economic activity- circulates \$ within the defined area

## Texas Gross State Product Est for 2004 (in million \$)

Agriculture	11,024
• Mining	52,256
Manufacturing	92,201
<ul> <li>Transportation &amp; Utilities</li> </ul>	89,222
Wholesale & Retail Trade	138,549
• Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	123,915
Services	165,078
• Local, State, & Fed Govt	92,797

# Texas Rank Among States |Agricultural Production

- 1st California
- 2nd Texas
- 3rd Iowa



# Trends in Agriculture

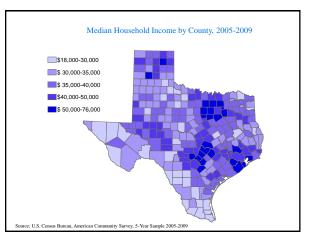
- · Farms -fewer, larger, more specialized
- · Increased use of irrigation
- Increased use of chemicals (pesticide, herbicide, fertilizers)
- · Farmers/Ranchers better educated
- · Cooperative efforts in marketing, etc
- Dependence on outside sources for feed, seed, credit, chemicals

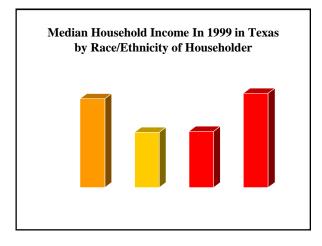
### Mining

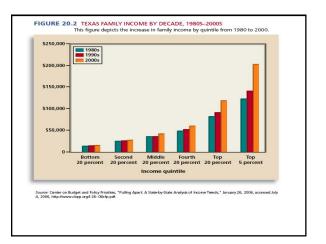
- Texas ranks 1st in oil and gas production
- Declining production due to depletion/price competition from foreign oil sources
- Trends
  - Automation of drilling equipment
  - Off-shore drilling and platforms

# Wealth and Poverty in Texas

- Poverty more pronounced in Texas than in the nation as a whole
  - Texas ranks among the most unequal states in distribution of income.
  - 50<sup>th</sup> in nation % of high school graduates
  - $-45^{\text{th}}$  in nation in % of night school graduates
  - Poverty more prevalent among certain ethnic groups
    - Hispanics 26% in poverty
    - African Americans 21% in poverty
    - Anglos 8% in poverty







# For Additional Data

- Texas State Data Center <u>http://txsdc.utsa.edu/</u>
- Texas Almanac, 2010-2011 Edition - <u>http://www.texasalmanac.com/</u>